Facile Preparation of Homoallyl β' , γ' -Unsaturated Amines via 1, 2-Addition of α , β -Unsaturated Imines with Allylsamarium Bromide

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A series of homoallyl β' , γ' -unsaturated amines were synthesized via 1, 2-addition of α , β -unsaturated imines with allyl-samarium bromide in excellent yields under mild and neutral conditions.

Keywords allylsamarium bromide, α , β -unsaturated imine, 1, 2-addition, homoallyl β' , γ' -unsaturated amine

Olefinic amines and their derivatives have been proven to be an especially versatile class of compounds with respect to further elaboration. Homoallyl β' , γ' -unsaturated amines are more useful precursors particularly in the synthesis when the functionalizations of two double bonds are involved. The addition of allylic organometallic species to the imine constitutes a valuable method for the synthesis of homoallyl β' , γ' -unsaturated amines. A few metals have been directly utilized to promote the allylation of α , β -unsaturated imines, e.g., In, Cd/Bu₄NBr, Ta, Bi/Bu₄NBr, Al, Zn/PbCl₂, allyltributystannane/Ln(OTf)₃. However, most of these methods involved harsh conditions, such as using certain additives, Lewis acid catalysts or a long reaction time.

In recent years, much attention has been paid to the application of samarium reagents in organic synthesis, especially SmI_2 , which can promote the Barbier-type reaction between carbonyl compounds and alkyl halides. Wu *et al.* reported the Barbier-type allylation

of ketones⁸ and carboxylic esters⁹ with samarium and allyl bromide, and a reaction mechanism with organosamarium intermediate has been suggested. Our group have explored a number of reactions of allylsamarium bromide with a variety of substrates, such as N-(2-aminoalkyl)-benzotriazoles, ¹⁰ imines, ¹¹ nitriles, ¹² diorgano diselenides, ¹³ disulfides, ¹⁴ isocyanates¹⁵ and nitroalkenes. ¹⁶ In order to extend the application of allylsamarium bromide and to study whether the reactions take place via 1,2-addition or 1,4-addition in the reaction of α , β -unsaturated imines with allylsamarium bromide. Herein we wish to report that α , β -unsaturated imines could be allylated with allylsamarium bromide to give homoallyl β' , γ' -unsaturated amines in excellent yields under mild conditions with a short reaction time (Scheme 1).

Scheme 1

The results were summarized in Table 1. When

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(E)-N-(3-phenyl-2-propenylidenyl)-benzenamine (1a) was added to allylsamarium bromide in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere, the deep purple color of the mixture changed into brown color quickly and the product 3a was obtained. The (E)-N-[1-(2-phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-phenylamine (3a) resulted from 1,2-addition of allylsamarium bromide and no 1,4-addition product was observed, which contrasted to the reaction with organolithiums where both 1,2- and 1,4-addition occurred. The shown in Table 1, when the reaction occurred at 50 °C, yield was substantially lower and byproduct was increased.

Table 1 Reaction of α , β-unsaturated imines with allylsamarium bromide

Entry	Ar	R	Time (min)	Yield (%) ^a
3a	C_6H_5	C ₆ H ₅	6	95(80) ^b (94) ^c
3b	C_6H_5	$C_6H_5CH_2$	8	90
3c	C_6H_5	$2\text{-CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$	7	92
3d	C_6H_5	4 - $CH_3C_6H_4$	7	92
3e	C_6H_5	3-ClC ₆ H ₄	9	88
3f	C_6H_5	4-BrC ₆ H ₄	9	87
3g	C_6H_5	4-CH ₃ OC ₆ H ₄	7	92
3h	C_6H_5	$2,4-(CH_3)_2C_6H_3$	7	92
3i	4 - $CH_3C_6H_4$	4 - $CH_3C_6H_4$	9	85
3j	4-CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄	4-BrC ₆ H ₄	9	86

^a Isolated yields based on α, β-unsaturated amines.

In summary, the present procedure provides a simple, efficient, and practical method for the preparation of homoallyl β , γ -unsaturated amines.

Experimental

Tetrahydrofuran was distilled from sodium-benzophenone immediately prior to use. All reactions were conducted under a nitrogen atmosphere. Melting points were obtained on an electrothermal melting point apparatus and uncorrected. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruker Vector 22 spectrometer with maximum absorption indicated in cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AC-400 (400 MHz) spectrometer using CDCl₃ solutions. *J* values are in Hz. Chemical shifts are ex-

pressed in parts per million downfield from internal tetramethylsilane. Mass spectra were recorded on an HP 5989B MS spectrometer. Elemental analyses were carried out on a Carlo Erba EA 1110 instrument.

Typical procedure for synthesis of the (E)-N-[1-(2-phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-phenylamine (3a)Under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, samarium powder (0.18 g, 1.25 mmol) was placed in a 50 mL threeneck flask and a solution of allyl bromide (0.2 g, 1.5 mmol) in 2 mL of tetrahydrofuran was added by syringe, the mixture was magnetically stirred for 1 h at room temperature. A purple suspension was obtained. Then a solution of (E)-N-(3-phenyl-2-propenylidenyl) benzenamine (1 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran was added to this suspension in one portion by syringe. The mixture was stirred for about 5-12 min at room temperature, then quenched with dilute solution of K_2CO_3 (5%, 5 mL) and extracted with ether (3 x 20 mL). The combined extracts were washed with saturated brine (15 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na2SO4. After evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the crude product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel using ethyl acetate-cyclohexane (1:6) as eluent.

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-phenylamine (3a) Oil (lit.⁴). IR ν : 3415, 2919, 1519, 909, 739 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR δ_{H} : 2.50—2.55 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.81 (br.s, 1H, NH), 4.10—4.12 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5.17—5.26 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.85—5.91 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.24 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.62 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.65—6.68 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.89—6.93 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.12—7.16 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.29—7.37 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.39—7.42 (m, 2H, ArH).

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-ben-zylamine (3b) Oil (lit.⁴). IR ν : 3402, 2928, 1586, 919, 747 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.47—2.52 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.07 (br. s, 1H, NH), 3.37 (s, 2H, CH₂), 4.07—4.09 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5.15—5.23 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.82—5.90 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.22 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.92—6.95 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.19—7.30 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.32—7.40 (m, 4H, ArH).

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-(o-methylphenyl) amine (3c) Oil. IR ν : 3428, 2918, 1606, 911, 750 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.28 (s, 3H,

 $[^]b$ The yield was obtained when reaction temperature was 50 $^\circ$ C.

 $[^]c$ The yield was obtained when reaction temperature was $-15~^\circ\mathrm{C}$.

CH₃), 2.47—2.52 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.80 (br.s, 1H, NH), 4.07—4.09 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5.15—5.23 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.82—5.90 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.22 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.60 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.62—6.70 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.08—7.12 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.23—7.25(m, 1H, ArH), 7.29—7.33 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.38—7.40 (m, 2H, ArH). MS m/z(%) : 263(M⁺, 2.2), 222(100), 157(8), 144 (11), 115(13), 91(23). Anal. calcd for C₁₉H₂₁N: C 86.69, H 7.98, N 5.33; found: C 86.57, H 7.85, N 5.58.

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-(pmethylphenyl) amine (3d) Oil. IR v: 3415, 2919, 1611, 912, 733 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR δ_{H} : 2.28 (s, 3H, CH_3), 2.38—2.40 (m, 2H, CH_2 -CH), 4.05—4.07 $(m, 1H, CH_2-CH), 5.09-5.15 (m, 2H, CH_2 =$ CH), 5.78-5.82 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.14 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.53 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.92 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.14-7.21 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.21-7.24 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH). MS m/z $(\%): 263 (M^+, 2.7), 222 (100), 157 (6), 144$ (13), 115(14), 91(24). Anal. calcd for $C_{19}H_{21}N$: C 86.69, H 7.98, N 5.33; found: C 86.52, H 8.12, N 5.36.

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-(m-chlorophenyl) amine (3e) Oil. IR ν : 3415, 2919, 1612, 905, 740 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.37—2.40 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.84 (br.s, 1H, NH), 3.92—3.96 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5. 11—5. 15 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.75—5.79 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.08 (dd, J = 16.1, 5.7 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.47 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.53—6.63 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.97—7.01 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.17—7.25 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.27—7.31 (m, 2H, ArH). MS m/z(%): 283(M⁺, 0.7), 242(100), 206(7), 164(14), 115(41), 91(37). Anal. calcd for $C_{18}H_{18}$ -NCl: C 76.32, H 6.36, N 4.95; found: C 76.18, H 6.52, N 4.86.

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-(p-bromophenyl) amine (3f) Oil. IR ν : 3420, 2915, 1590, 905, 735 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.35—2.39 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.85 (br.s, 1H, NH), 3.91—3.92 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5.11—5.16 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.76—5.84 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.08 (dd,

J = 16.1, 5.8 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.50 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.16—7.19 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.22—7.31 (m, 4H, ArH). MS m/z (%): 327 (M⁺, 2.2), 286(100), 206(20), 157(17), 130(97), 91 (37). Anal. calcd for C₁₈H₁₈NBr: C 66.06, H 5.50, N 4.28; found: C 65.86, H 5.23, N 4.39.

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-(p-methoxyphenyl) amine (3g) Oil (lit.⁶). IR ν : 3425, 2922, 1595, 912, 720 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.35—2.38 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.65 (br. s, 1H, OCH₃), 3.74 (br. s, 1H, NH), 4.10—4.13 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5.12—5.18 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.78—5.82 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.14 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.8 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.90 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.15—7.20 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.22—7.25 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH).

(E)-N-[1-(2-Phenylethenyl) buten-3-yl]-N-(o,*p-dimethylphenyl*) amine (3h) Oil. IR v: 3420, 2915, 1602, 905, 736 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR δ_H : 2.13 (s, $3H, CH_3), 2.20 (s, 3H, CH_3), 2.45-2.49 (m,$ 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.65 (br.s, 1H, NH), 3.99—4.04 $(m, 1H, CH_2-CH), 5.13-5.20 (m, 2H, CH_2 =$ CH), 5.78-5.86 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.09 (dd, J = 16.1, 5.9 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.58 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.56 (s, 1H,ArH), 6.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.17—7.28 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH).MS m/z(%): 277(M⁺, 5.1), 236(100), 158(14), 144(12), 115(18), 91(29). Anal. calcd for $C_{20}H_{23}N$; C 86.64, H 8.30, N 5.05; found; C 86.32, H 8.52, N 5.16.

(E)-N - {1-[2-(p-Methylphenyl) ethenyl] buten-3-yl}-N-(p-methylphenyl) amine (3i) Oil. IR ν : 3425, 2930, 1625, 910, 739 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.19 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.28 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.38—2.41 (m, 2H, CH₂-CH), 3.75 (br.s, 1H, NH), 3.95—3.97 (m, 1H, CH₂-CH), 5.09—5.16 (m, 2H, CH₂ = CH), 5.79—5.81 (m, 1H, CH = CH₂), 6.09 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.9 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.93 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.05 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH). MS m/z (%): 277 (M⁺, 1.8), 236(100), 171(12), 144(14), 129(11), 115

(4), 91(8). Anal. calcd for C₂₀H₂₃N: C 86.64, H 8.30, N 5.05; found: C 86.21, H 8.93, N 4.86.

 $(E)-N-\{1-[2-(p-Methylphenyl) ethenyl] buten-$ 3-yl -N-(p-bromophenyl) amine (3j) mp 58—60 °C. IR v: 3415, 2925, 1595, 916, 745 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR $\delta_{\rm H}$: 2.28 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.38—2.40 (m, 2H, CH_2 -CH), 3.85 (br.s, 1H, NH), 3.91—3.93 (m, 1H, CH_2 -CH), 5.11—5.16 (m, 2H, CH_2 = CH), 5.77—5.79 (m, 1H, $CH = CH_2$), 6.04 (dd, J =16.1, 5.9 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.46 (d, J =16.1 Hz, 1H, CH = CH-CH), 6.46 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.06 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.16—7.21(m, 4H, ArH). MS m/z(%): 341(M⁺, 1.4), 300(100), 220(18), 171(9), 130(86), 115(19), 105(42), 91(15). Anal. calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NBr: C 66.86, H 5.86, N 4.11; found: C 66.53, H 5.98, N 4.23.

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